

Coolidge Assessment Battery (CAB)

Summary - Narrative Report

Name: **Case 4**
ID Number: **4000**
Gender: **Male**
Age: **25**
Report Date: **May 9, 2003**

This report is based on the answers provided by Case 4 when completing the CAB, a measure designed to assess personality disorders, neuropsychological dysfunctioning, and psychopathological syndromes. Scores show how the individual compares with other people in terms of the characteristics measured by the CAB.

The CAB score interpretations contained in this report are based on psychological theory and actuarial research. Under no circumstances should they be used for clinical or policy decision-making in the absence of corroborating data such as behavioral observations, biographical information, clinical interview, current social and personal circumstances, and other psychological test results. As with any psychological test findings, they should be reviewed by a mental health professional trained in the use and interpretation of psychological test results. Use of this instrument by persons without such a background is clearly inappropriate.

Contents:

Profile
Responses
Administrative Indices
Critical Items
Drug and Alcohol Items
Axis I Scales
Personality Disorder Scales (Axis II)
Neuropsychological Dysfunction Assessment
Executive Functions Assessment
Personality Change Due to Medical Condition
Hostility Scales
Other Scales
Normal Personality Scales
Non-Normative Scales
Possible Therapy Issues
Diagnostic Possibilities

Copyright 1999, Sigma Assessment Systems, Inc.

P.O. Box 610984

Port Huron, MI, USA 48061-0984

CAB Profile

Scale	Interpret	Scores			T Scores						
		Raw	%	T	<20	30	40	50	60	70	80>
Axis I											
Anxiety	Normal	42	14	39							
Depression	Normal	37	31	45							
Post-Traumatic Stress	Normal	30	50	50							
Psychotic Thinking	Normal	12	7	35							
Schizophrenia	Normal	69	14	39							
Social Phobia	Normal	14	66	54							
Withdrawal	ELEVATED	38	84	60							
Axis II											
Antisocial	Normal	67	18	41							
Avoidant	Normal	45	79	58							
Borderline	Normal	39	12	38							
Dependent	Normal	45	12	38							
Depressive	Normal	9	10	37							
Histrionic	Normal	66	10	37							
Narcissistic	Normal	61	42	48							
Obsessive-Compulsive	Normal	74	58	52							
Paranoid	Normal	41	46	49							
Passive-Aggressive	Normal	48	31	45							
Sadistic	Normal	26	31	45							
Schizoid	Normal	18	54	51							
Schizotypal	Normal	43	54	51							
Self-Defeating	Normal	41	42	48							

CAB Profile (continued)

Scale	Interpret	Scores			T Scores						
		Raw	%	T	<20	30	40	50	60	70	80>
Neuropsychological Dysfunction											
Overall Neuropsychological	Normal	24	16	40							
Language Functions	Normal	6	18	41							
Memory and Concentration	Normal	11	27	44							
Neurosomatic Symptoms	Normal	7	14	39							
Executive Functions of the Frontal Lobe											
Overall Executive Functions	Normal	28	24	43							
Decision Difficulty	Normal	11	21	42							
Planning Problems	ELEVATED	12	86	61							
Task Completion Difficulty	Normal	9	18	41							
Personality Change due to Medical Condition											
Aggression	Normal	15	42	48							
Apathy	Normal	15	24	43							
Disinhibition	Normal	12	24	43							
Emotional Lability	Normal	18	50	50							
Paranoid	Normal	11	4	32							
Hostility											
Anger	Normal	33	69	55							
Dangerousness	Normal	24	16	40							
Impulsiveness	Normal	12	21	42							
Other											
Apathy	Normal	56	73	56							
Emotional Lability	Normal	25	31	45							
Indecisiveness	Normal	17	16	40							
Maladjustment	Normal	112	24	43							
Introversion-Extraversion	Introverted	64	21	42							

Explanation of Profile Terms

- Interpret** This is a global interpretation of how a respondent relates to others on a given scale. If the respondent receives a T-score of 60 or above on a given scale, their score is considered **ELEVATED**, or above average. If a respondent receives a T-score of 59 or less, their score is considered **Normal**.
- Raw Score** This score is the number of statements the respondent endorsed for each scale. A high raw score indicates that the respondent endorsed many of the scale's statements.
- % Score** The percentile score indicates the percentage of people who completed the CAB and received a score equal to or lower than the respondent.
- T Score** This score (standardized using a mean of 50 and a standard deviation of 10) compares the respondent's raw score for each scale with those of a representative group.

CAB Responses

Item Number Responses

1 - 25: 1 1 1 3 1 3 1 4 1 1 1 3 1 2 3 1 1 1 3 1 1 2 1 2 4
 26 - 50: 3 3 2 2 4 1 1 1 3 4 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 4 1 1 4 3 1
 51 - 75: 1 2 1 4 3 1 4 4 4 1 3 2 3 4 2 4 3 1 3 1 1 1 1 3 1
 76 - 100: 1 2 1 1 3 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 2 4 1 2 1
 101-125: 1 4 4 4 2 1 4 3 4 1 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1
 126-150: 3 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 2 1 3 3 4 4 2 2 4 4 1 2 2 4 3
 151-175: 1 2 3 1 2 2 2 2 4 4 2 4 1 3 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 4 1 2 3
 176-200: 3 1 1 4 1 3 1 2 2 1 1 3 1 3 1 1 4 3 1 1 1 2 1 1 1
 201-225: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 4 1 1 1

* = Unscorable Response

CAB Administrative Indices

Answer Choice	Frequency	Score	T-Score	<20	30	40	50	60	70	80>
0 = No Response		0	44							
1 = Strongly False (SF)	112	72								
2 = More False than True (MF)	52	47								
3 = More True than False (MT)	30	43								
4 = Strongly True (ST)	31	51								

	Count	0 High
Unscorable Responses	0	1

	Count	Normal	Random
Random Responding	3		

The random responding profile is within normal limits.

	Score	T-Score	Faking Bad	Normal	Faking Good
Tendency to Look Good or Bad	60	49			

The subject is within normal limits on the Look Good or Bad scale.

	Score	T-Score	Denial	Normal
Tendency to Deny Blatant Pathology	149	41		

The subject appears to be within normal limits on the Tendency to Deny Pathology scale.

Critical Items

No critical items endorsed.

Drug and Alcohol Items

Drug and alcohol items were strongly denied.

Axis I - Interpretation

The following clinical issues should be addressed. The T-Score and percentile ranking next to each suggests the degree to which the person is endorsing associated symptoms and behavior.

Withdrawal	T-Score	60	Percentile	84
-------------------	----------------	-----------	-------------------	-----------

The responses suggest that Case 4 appears emotionally cold, embarrasses easily, is emotionally flat, feels aloof and distant from others, avoids social gatherings, avoids social interactions, does not mind being alone, is uncomfortable in social situations and is physically unaffectionate.

Axis II - Interpretation

The following diagnoses should be considered. The person's T-Score and Percentile ranking is printed beside each possible diagnosis and DSM-IV code. The higher the T-score and percentile, the more likely the diagnosis.

All scales were within normal limits.

Executive Function Scales - Interpretation

Analysis of the executive function scales results in the following interpretation:

Executive Dysfunction	T-Score	43	Percentile	24
------------------------------	----------------	-----------	-------------------	-----------

The executive functions appear to be within normal limits.

Planning Problems	T-Score	61	Percentile	86
--------------------------	----------------	-----------	-------------------	-----------

The responses suggest that Case 4 procrastinates, dislikes making plans for vacation/leisure and is unconcerned with details, lists, and schedules.

Neuropsychological Scales - Interpretation

Analysis of the neuropsychological scales results in the following interpretation:

Neuropsychological Dysfunction	T-Score	40	Percentile	16
---------------------------------------	----------------	-----------	-------------------	-----------

The neuropsychological profile is within normal limits.

Personality Change Due to General Medical Condition - Interpretation

In the event that the person is showing a personality change that is the result of physiological changes related to a general medical condition, the diagnosis of Personality Change Due to a General Medical Condition (DSM 310.1) should be considered. CAB responses can be of assistance in specifying the appropriate subtype of the disorder.

Hostility Scales - Interpretation

The following scales may be clinically significant scores (one standard deviation or higher than the mean). T-Scores and Percentile rankings are printed beside each scale.

All scales were within normal limits.

Other Scales - Interpretation

This group of scales includes Apathy and Emotional Lability, which will only print if the scores are clinically significant (one standard deviation or higher than the mean). T-Scores and Percentile rankings are printed beside each scale.

Overall Maladjustment	T-Score	43	Percentile	24
------------------------------	----------------	-----------	-------------------	-----------

Case 4 is within normal limits on this scale.

Normal Scales - Interpretation

Introversion - Extraversion	T-Score	42	Percentile	21
------------------------------------	----------------	-----------	-------------------	-----------

Case 4 is slightly introverted.

Possible Therapy Issues

The CAB profile suggests that the following may be important issues to explore in therapy:

easily depressed
unemotional

easily frustrated

Diagnostic Possibilities

The CAB profile indicates the following diagnostic possibilities:

NONE